CLAIMS

- 1. A Lys-lys binding site I which is a plasminogen fragment consisting of Kringle 1 to Kringle 3 of a naturally occurring plasminogen with the N-terminal being lysine, which binding site binds to heparin and has the following properties:
 - a. a molecular weight of 38 kDa;
 - b. it is not glycosylated;
- c. it binds intensely to heparin under nonphysiological conditions but binds less intensely to heparin
 under physiological conditions;
- d. it inhibits tumor metastasis and tumor growth but has no ability to inhibit growth of endothelial cells of blood vessels;

wherein said plasminogen fragment is prepared by:

- a. preparing Lys-plasminogen from naturally occurring plasminogen either by adding plasmin to a solution of naturally occurring plasminogen or by incubating naturally occurring plasminogen in the presence of tranexamic acid to autolysis;
- b. treating the Lys-plasminogen obtained in step(a) with elastase to produce fractions of the fragmentcomprising Kringle 1 to Kringle 3;
- c. identifying the fragment of Kringle 1 to Kringle 3 which binds to heparin.

- 2. A process for preparing a plasminogen fragment consisting of Kringle 1 to Kringle 3 of a naturally occurring plasminogen with the N-terminal being lysine, said fragment having the ability to inhibit tumor metastasis and tumor growth, but having no ability to inhibit growth of endothelial cells of blood vessels, comprising:
- a. preparing Lys-plasminogen from naturally occurring plasminogen either by adding plasmin to a solution of naturally occurring plasminogen or by incubating naturally occurring plasminogen in the presence of tranexamic acid to autolysis;
- b. treating the Lys-plasminogen obtained in step

 (a) with elastase to produce fractions of the fragment

 consisting of Kringle 1 to Kringle 3;
- c. identifying the fragment of Kringle 1 to Kringle 3 which binds to heparin; and
 - d. isolating the fragment which binds to heparin.
- 3. The process according to claim 2 wherein the fragment which bind to heparin is recovered by passing a solution of a Lys-plasminogen lysate with elastase through a carrier to which heparin is coupled as a ligand to adsorb those fragment which bind to heparin, and eluting those fragments which do not bind to heparin.

4. A composition for inhibiting tumor metastasis and tumor growth comprising an effective amount of a fragment according to claim 1 and, optionally, a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.